Managing illness in schools and early childhood education and care services – information for parents and carers

One of the most important things we can do to slow the spread of coronavirus (COVID-19) in our community is to stay at home when we are unwell, even when we have the mildest of symptoms.

What you need to know

Education and Training

- 1. If your child is unwell, even with the mildest of symptoms, they must stay home.
 - If a child becomes unwell during the day, they should be collected from early childhood education and care (ECEC) or school as soon as possible.
- 2. If your child has any symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19) below, however mild, they should get tested for COVID-19:
 - fever
 - · chills or sweats
 - cough
 - sore throat
 - shortness of breath
 - runny nose
 - loss of sense of smell or taste

Some people may also have headache, muscle soreness, stuffy nose, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. For more health advice:

- call the 24-hour COVID-19 Hotline 1800 675 398
- call your child's general practitioner (GP)
- call Nurse on Call 1300 606 024
- 3. Your child can be tested with a rapid antigen test at home, or a PCR test. They must stay at home until they receive a negative result and their symptoms have resolved.
 - If you can't get a rapid antigen test or if you're still worried about your child, you can <u>find</u> and go to a testing site for a PCR test. Some testing sites have rapid antigen tests as well.
 - If a rapid antigen test is negative but your child is symptomatic, your child should have a PCR test done.
 - Find advice about <u>getting tested</u>, as well as <u>parent and carer information about rapid</u> <u>antigen testing</u>.



4. If your child has a negative COVID-19 test and their symptoms have resolved, they can return to ECEC or school.

- You don't need written medical clearance from COVID-19.
- There are illnesses other than COVID-19 where your child must stay at home for a certain amount of time these are listed on the Department of Health ECEC and <u>school exclusion</u> <u>table</u>.
- 5. A medical certificate is not needed, but may be helpful if your child:
 - has ongoing symptoms due to underlying conditions such as hay fever or asthma
 - $\circ\;$ If their symptoms are usual for their condition, they can keep going to ECEC or school.
 - A medical certificate describing their condition can help ECEC and schools better know your child's health and care plans.
 - is younger (pre-school up to Grade 2) and has ongoing symptoms after a viral illness
 - Children can still have a cough or runny nose after recovering from some common viral illnesses – if they are otherwise well, they can go to ECEC or school.
 - Your ECEC or school might ask for a medical certificate from their GP to make sure your child is otherwise well.
 - Remember: if your child's symptoms are different or worse than usual, they should stay at home, get tested for COVID-19 again, and seek health advice.

6. If your child has a positive COVID-19 test, they must stay at home:

- Follow the checklist for people with COVID-19.
- If a <u>rapid antigen test</u> at home is positive, report the result as soon as you can so your family can start getting advice and help:
 - Tell the <u>Department of Health</u> by online form or COVID-19 Hotline 1800 675 398.
 - Tell your ECEC or school (including other children at home who are <u>household</u> <u>contacts</u>).
- Answer texts and surveys from the Department of Health.
- You may be able to get <u>financial help</u> or <u>other help</u> to look after your family safely at home.
- When your child finishes their quarantine period, you don't need written medical clearance from COVID-19 to return to ECEC or school.

Further information

- All families can plan and prepare ahead for COVID-19 at home using this checklist.
- You can find information about COVID-19 in different languages.

This advice has been prepared by the Department of Education and Training and the Department of Health.